Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form

(to be submitted with a copy of the CCR)

(to certify electronic delivery of the CCR, use the certification form on the State Board's website at http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/drinking_water/certlic/drinkingwater/CCR.shtml)

Water System Name: FAITH COMMUNITY CHURCH OF THE NAZARENE

Water System Number: 3901402 The water system above hereby certifies that its Consumer Confidence Report was distributed on (date) to customers (and appropriate notices of availability have been given). Further, the system certifies that the information contained in the report is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Drinking Water. Certified By: Jay Elliott Name Jay Elliott Signature Facilities use manager Title Phone Number (209) 333-7089 Date 06/29/15 To summarize report delivery used and good-faith efforts taken, please complete the form below by checking all items that apply and fill-in where appropriate: CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery methods. Specify other direct delivery methods used: Posted on board in church office "Good faith" efforts were used to reach non-bill paying customers. Those efforts included the following methods: Posted the CCR on the internet at http:// Mailed the CCR to postal patrons within the service area (attach zip codes used) Advertised the availability of the CCR in news media (attach a copy of press release) Publication of the CCR in a local newspaper of general circulation (attach a copy of the published notice, including name of the newspaper and date published) Posted the CCR in public places (attach a list of locations) Delivery of multiple copies of CCR to single bill addresses serving several persons, such as apartments, businesses, and schools Delivery to community organizations (attach a list of organizations) Other (attach a list of other methods used) For systems serving at least 100,000 persons: Posted CCR on a publicly-accessible internet site at the following address: http:// For privately-owned utilities: Delivered the CCR to the California Public Utilities Commission

2014 Consumer Confidence Report

Water System Name: FAITH COMMUNITY CHURCH OF THE NAZARENE Report Date: June 2015

We test the drinking water quality for many constituents as required by state and federal regulations. This report shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 - December 31, 2014.

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alquien que lo entienda bien.

Type of water source(s) in use: According to CDPH records, this Source is Groundwater. This Assessment was done using the Default Groundwater System Method.

Your water comes from 1 source(s): Well

Opportunities for public participation in decisions that affect drinking water quality: Regularly-scheduled water board or city/county council meetings currently are not held.

For more information about this report, or any questions relating to your drinking water, please call (209) 838 - 7842 and ask for Quality Service Inc..

TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs) as is economically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG):

The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA).

Public Health Goal (PHG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level

(MRDL): The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal

(MRDLG): The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS): MCLs and MRDLs for the contaminants that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.

Treatment Technique (TT): A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Regulatory Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system mush follow.

ppm: parts per million or milligrams per liter (mg/L)

ppb: parts per billion or micrograms per liter (µg/L)

The sources of drinking water: (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- *Microbial contaminants*, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- *Inorganic contaminants*, such as salts and metals, that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- *Pesticides and herbicides*, that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are by-products if industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, that can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the USEPA and the California Department of Public Health (Department) prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Department regulations also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

Tables 1, 2 and 3 list all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the most recent sampling for the constituent. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The Department allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, are more than one year old.

Table 1 - SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING THE DETECTION OF LEAD AND COPPER									
Lead and Copper (complete if lead or copper detected in last sample set)	Sample Date	90th percentile level detected	No. Sites Exceeding AL	AL	PHG	Typical Sources of Contaminant			
Copper (ppm)	10 (2012)	0.08	0	1.3	.3	Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives			

Table 2 - DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A <u>PRIMARY</u> DRINKING WATER STANDARD										
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL [MRDL]		Typical Sources of Contaminant				
Arsenic (ppb)	(2014)	5	N/A	10	0.004	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards, glass and electronics production wastes				

Table 3 - DETECTION OF UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS										
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	Notification Level	Typical Sources of Contaminant					
Vanadium (ppm)	(2014)	0.04	N/A	0.05	The babies of some pregnant women who drink water containing vanadium in excess of the action level may have an increased risk of developmental effects, based on studies in laboratory animals.					

Additional General Information on Drinking Water

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts if some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More

information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the USEPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. USEPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Lead Specific Language for Community Water Systems: If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with the service lines and home plumbing. *Faith Community Church* is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

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Drinking Water Assessment Information

Assessment Information

A source water assessment was conducted for the WELL of the CALVARY BIBLE CHURCH water system in October, 2002.

Well - is considered most vulnerable to the following activities not associated with any detected contaminants: Septic systems - low density [<1/acre]

Discussion of Vulnerability

There have been no contaminants detected in the water supply, however the source is still considered vulnerable to activities located near the drinking water source.

Acquiring Information

A copy of the complete assessment may be viewed at: San Joaquin County Environmental Health Department 304 E. Weber Ave, 3rd Floor Stockton, CA 95202

You may request a summary of the assessment be sent to you by contacting: Small Public Water Systems SJ Co Environmental Health Department (209) 468-3420

Faith Community Church Analytical Results By FGL - 2014

LEAD AND COPPER RULE										
		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	90th Percentile	# Samples	
Copper		ppm		1.3	.3			0.08	10	
Main Kitchen	STK1237133-7	ppm				2012-07-23	0.05			
Office Kitchen	STK1237133-2	ppm				2012-07-23	0.06			
Office Mens Room	STK1237537-1	ppm				2012-08-01	0.05			
Rm. 101	STK1237133-10	ppm				2012-07-23	0.06			
Rm. 102	STK1237133-9	ppm				2012-07-23	0.06			
Rm. 104	STK1237133-8	ppm				2012-07-23	0.05			
Rm. 107	STK1237133-6	ppm				2012-07-23	0.05			
Rm. 222	STK1237133-5	ppm				2012-07-23	0.09			
Rm. 224	STK1237133-4	ppm				2012-07-23	0.08			
Rm. 226	STK1237133-1	ppm				2012-07-23	0.07			

PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARDS (PDWS)									
		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
Arsenic		ppb		10	0.004			5	5 - 5
Well STK1437401-1		ppb				2014-07-24	5		

UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS									
		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
Vanadium		ppm		NS	n/a			0.04	0.04 - 0.04
Well	STK1437401-1	ppm				2014-07-24	0.04		

Faith Community Church CCR Login Linkage - 2014

FGL Code	Lab ID	Date_Sampled	Method	Description	Property
HB WS Mn Church	STK1430638-1	2014-01-22	Coliform	HB West Side of Main Church	Monthly Monitoring-18621 N. Hwy 99, West Acampo
	STK1431421-1	2014-02-17	Coliform	HB West Side of Main Church	Monthly Monitoring-18621 N. Hwy 99, West Acampo
	STK1432330-1	2014-03-17	Coliform	HB West Side of Main Church	Monthly Monitoring-18621 N. Hwy 99, West Acampo
	STK1433747-1	2014-04-23	Coliform	HB West Side of Main Church	Monthly Monitoring-18621 N. Hwy 99, West Acampo
	STK1434786-1	2014-05-21	Coliform	HB West Side of Main Church	Monthly Monitoring-18621 N. Hwy 99, West Acampo
	STK1436056-1	2014-06-18	Coliform	HB West Side of Main Church	Monthly Monitoring-18621 N. Hwy 99, West Acampo
	STK1437402-1	2014-07-24	Coliform	HB West Side of Main Church	Monthly Monitoring-18621 N. Hwy 99, West Acampo
	STK1438466-1	2014-08-20	Coliform	HB West Side of Main Church	Monthly Monitoring-18621 N. Hwy 99, West Acampo
	STK1439448-1	2014-09-15	Coliform	HB West Side of Main Church	Monthly Monitoring-18621 N. Hwy 99, West Acampo
	STK1450753-1	2014-10-20	Coliform	HB West Side of Main Church	Monthly Monitoring-18621 N. Hwy 99, West Acampo
	STK1451739-1	2014-11-18	Coliform	HB West Side of Main Church	Monthly Monitoring-18621 N. Hwy 99, West Acampo
	STK1452743-1	2014-12-16	Coliform	HB West Side of Main Church	Monthly Monitoring-18621 N. Hwy 99, West Acampo
MAIN KITCHEN	STK1237133-7	2012-07-23	Metals, Total	Main Kitchen	Lead & Copper Monitoring
OFFICE KITCHEN	STK1237133-2	2012-07-23	Metals, Total	Office Kitchen	Lead & Copper Monitoring
OFFICE MENSROOM	STK1237537-1	2012-08-01	Metals, Total	Office Mens Room	Lead & Copper Monitoring
RM101	STK1237133-10	2012-07-23	Metals, Total	Rm. 101	Lead & Copper Monitoring
RM102	STK1237133-9	2012-07-23	Metals, Total	Rm. 102	Lead & Copper Monitoring
RM104	STK1237133-8	2012-07-23	Metals, Total	Rm. 104	Lead & Copper Monitoring
RM107	STK1237133-6	2012-07-23	Metals, Total	Rm. 107	Lead & Copper Monitoring
RM222	STK1237133-5	2012-07-23	Metals, Total	Rm. 222	Lead & Copper Monitoring
RM224	STK1237133-4	2012-07-23	Metals, Total	Rm. 224	Lead & Copper Monitoring
RM226	STK1237133-1	2012-07-23	Metals, Total	Rm. 226	Lead & Copper Monitoring
Well	STK1437401-1	2014-07-24	Metals, Total	Well	Water Quality Monitoring